



**The University of Western Sydney
Medical Society Inc.**

Constitution 2010

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Part 1 Preliminary

1.1 Introduction

The aims and the objectives of the University of Western Sydney Medical Society Inc., hereby known “the Society” are:

- (1) to foster a sense of community between students of the Society
- (2) to further the interests of members, represent their views, and enhance their educational opportunities;
- (3) to encourage the University of Western Sydney and specifically the School of Medicine to provide the highest quality of education to members;
- (4) to promote communication between UWSMS members;
- (5) to promote co-operation between medical students and medical societies throughout Australia.

1.2 Definitions

- (1) In these rules:

Commissioner means the Commissioner of the Office of Fair Trading.

Ordinary member means a member of the society who is not a member of the Executive committee, or an office-bearer of the Society, as referred to in rule 14(2).

Secretary means:

- (a) the person holding office under these rules as Secretary of the society under section 3.4 of these rules, or
- (b) if no such person holds that office – the Public Officer of the Society.

General meeting means an Annual general meeting or a Special general meeting of the Society.

Special general meeting means a general meeting of the Society other than an Annual general meeting.

the Act means the *Societys Incorporation Act 1984*.

The Regulation means the *Societys Incorporation Regulation 1999*.

- (2) In these rules:

- (a) a reference to a function includes a reference to a power, authority and duty, and
- (b) a reference to the exercise of a function includes, if the function is a duty, a reference to the performance of the duty.
- (3) The provisions of the *Interpretation Act 1987* apply to and in respect of these rules in the same manner as those provisions would so apply if these rules were an instrument made under the Act.
- (4) In these rules :

The MBBS course refers to the University of Western Sydney Bachelor of Medicine/Bachelor of Surgery.

The Society refers to the University of Western Sydney Medical Society Inc.

The Office Bearers of the Society are

- (a) The President of the Society
- (b) The Vice President of the Society
- (c) The Secretary of the Society
- (d) The Treasurer of the Society

The Executive Committee refers to the four office bearers of the Society, and members elected to the Executive committee

Part 2 Membership

2.1 Membership qualifications

A person is qualified to be a member of the society if, and only if:

- (1) The person is currently enrolled in University of Western Sydney Bachelor of Medicine/Bachelor of Surgery or,
- (2) The person has deferred their place in the course, after commencing Year 1 Semester 1 of the MBBS degree with the intention of recommencing the MBBS course or,
- (3) the person is a person referred to in section 15(1) (a), (b) or (c) of the Act and has not ceased to be a member of the society at any time after incorporation of the society under the Act or,
- (4) The person qualifies to be an **Associate** member under Section 2.12 in these rules.

2.2 Becoming a member

Automatic membership will be granted to any student who qualifies under the conditions stated in Section 2.1 of these rules

2.3 Cessation of membership

A person ceases to be a member of the society if the person:

- (1) ceases to qualify for membership as stated in Section 2.1 of these rules, or
- (2) resigns membership through the channels stated in Section 2.5 of these rules, or
- (3) is expelled from the society under the conditions stated in Section 2.10 of these rules, or
- (4) dies.

2.4 Membership entitlements not transferable

A right, privilege or obligation that a person has by reason of being a member of the society:

- (1) is not able to be transferred or transmitted to another person, and
- (2) terminates on cessation of the person's membership, the terms of which are stated in Section 2.3 of these rules.

2.5 Resignation of membership

- (1) A member of the society is not entitled to resign that membership except in accordance with this rule.
- (2) A ordinary member of the society who wishes to terminate their membership, for any reason, may do so by giving to the Secretary 14 days of notice, in written form, of the member's intention to resign and, on the expiration of the 14 days, the member ceases to be a member.
- (3) If an ordinary member of the society ceases to be a member under clause (2), and in every other case where a member ceases to hold membership under Section 2.3 of these rules, the secretary must make an appropriate entry in the register of members recording the date on which the member ceased to be a member

2.6 Register of members

- (1) The Secretary of the Society must establish and maintain a register of members of the Society specifying the name of each person who is a member of the Society together with the date on which the person became a member.
- (2) Any person, who qualifies as a member under section 2.1 of these rules, will be placed on the register.
- (3) The register of members can only be **accessed by members of the Society**.
- (4) **The register of members may not be duplicated by ordinary members of the Society, without a motion passed by the Executive Committee.**
- (5) The register must be stored by the Secretary of the Society and must be open for inspection, free of charge, to any member of the Society at any reasonable hour.

2.7 Fees and subscriptions

A member of the society does not have pay any membership fee to join the society. Membership is granted under the conditions stated in Section 2.1 of these rules.

2.8 Members' liabilities

Members of the Society have no liability to contribute towards the payment of the debts and liabilities of the Society or the costs, charges and expenses of the winding up of the society.

2.9 Resolution of internal disputes

- (1) Disputes between members (in their capacity as members) of the Society, and disputes between members and the Society, **in their capacity as members**, are to be resolved internally, **with a mediation session**.
- (2) **The mediating body is to consist of 6 representatives appointed by the Executive committee of the Society.**
- (3) Should an Executive committee member be involved in the said dispute, that Executive committee member may not participate in the mediating body as **described in clause (2)**.
- (4) **At least 7 days prior to the commencement of the mediation session, the parties involved are to exchange written statements outlining their case and supply copies to the mediating body.**
- (5) The mediation session must be attended by the mediating body, **as described in clause (2)**, and involved parties.

- (6) The mediation session will not be open to uninvolved parties, unless this clause is overruled by a majority vote of the Executive committee of the Society.
- (7) If the involved parties cannot come to an agreement, **the mediating body may reach a resolution.**
- (8) The resolution reached by the mediating body may include;
 - (a) Involved parties are pardoned, or
 - (b) Involved parties will have their membership suspended for a period of time, as determined by the mediating body, or
 - (c) Involved parties will be expelled, and so will cease to be members of the society

2.10 Disciplining of members

- (1) A complaint may be made to the Executive committee by any person that is a member of the Society against another member who:
 - (a) has persistently refused or neglected to comply with a provision or provisions of these rules, or
 - (b) has persistently and wilfully acted in a manner prejudicial to the interests of the society.
- (2) On receiving such a complaint, the Executive committee:
 - (a) must cause notice of the complaint to be served on the member concerned; and
 - (b) must give the member at least 14 days from the time the notice is served within which to make submissions to the Executive committee in connection with the complaint, and
 - (c) must take into consideration any submissions made by the member in connection with the complaint.
 - (d) The submissions from both parties will be considered by the mediating body, which is made up of the Executive committee, or a person or group appointed by the Executive committee, and appropriate action will be taken.
- (3) The Executive committee may, by resolution, expel the member from the society or suspend the member from membership of the society if, after considering the complaint and any submissions made in connection with the complaint, it is satisfied that the facts alleged in the complaint have been proved.
- (4) If the Executive committee expels or suspends a member, the secretary must, within 7 days after the action is taken, cause written notice to be given to the member of the action taken, of the reasons

given by the committee for having taken that action and of the member's right of appeal under section 2.11 of these rules.

- (5) An expelled or suspended member will not have any membership fees or subscriptions refunded to them and any existing membership benefits will be rendered void.
- (6) The expulsion or suspension does not take effect:
 - (a) until the expiration of the period within which the member is entitled to appeal against the resolution concerned, or
 - (b) if within that period the member exercises the right of appeal, unless and until the society confirms the resolution under section 2.11 of these rules,whichever is the latter.

2.11 Right of appeal of disciplined member

- (1) A member may appeal to the society for a special general meeting against a resolution of the Executive committee under rule 11, within 7 days after notice of the resolution is served on the member, by lodging with the secretary a notice to that effect.
 - (a) The notice must be accompanied by a statement of the grounds on which the member intends to rely for the purposes of the appeal.
- (2) On receipt of a notice from a member under clause (1), the secretary must notify the Executive committee, within 7 days of receiving the notice, which is to convene a general meeting of the society to be held within 28 days after the date on which the secretary received the notice.
- (3) At a special general meeting of the society convened under clause (1):
 - (a) no business other than the question of the appeal is to be transacted, and
 - (b) the Executive committee and the member must be given the opportunity to state their respective cases orally or in writing, or both, and
 - (c) the members present are to vote by secret ballot on the question of whether the resolution should be confirmed or revoked.
- (4) If at the general meeting the society passes a special resolution in favour of the confirmation of the resolution, the resolution is confirmed.

2.12 Associate Membership

- (1) For persons who did not qualify for membership under the regulations stated in section 2.1, but wish to become a member, "Associate membership" may be granted to them ;
 - (a) upon submission of their intention to become a member to the Secretary, and,
 - (b) the approval of the submission by the executive committee, and,
 - (c) upon payment of the annual Associate membership fee, to be revised by the Executive Committee on an annual basis.
- (2) Associate members have the same rights as ordinary members except the right to ;
 - (a) Vote in **any election of the Society**, or
 - (b) Nominate and run for a position on the Executive committee, or
 - (c) Vote in a general or special general meeting, or
 - (d) Contribute towards quorum at a general or special general meeting.

2.13 Political Stances of UWSMS

UWSMS is a non-political, secular organisation, which will not pass any resolutions or general comments on behalf of its members on any international or national political issues, that do not relate directly to the professional lives of UWSMS medical students. Any member found to be broadcasting a political opinion under the name of UWSMS will be subject to disciplinary action under Section 2.10.

Part 3 The Executive committee

3.1 Powers of the Executive committee

The Executive committee is to be called the committee of management of the Society and, subject to the Act, the Regulation and these rules and to any resolution passed by the society in general meeting:

- (1) is to control and manage the affairs of the Society, and
- (2) may exercise all such functions as may be exercised by the Society, other than those functions that are required by these rules to be exercised by a general meeting of members of the society, and

- (3) has power to perform all such acts and do all such things as appear to the Executive committee to be necessary or desirable for the proper management of the affairs of the Society.

3.2 Constitution and membership

- (1) Subject in the case of the first members of the Executive committee to section 21 of the Act, the Executive committee is to consist of:
 - (a) the office-bearers of the society, and
 - (b) a minimum of 3 other ordinary members, each of whom is to be elected under the procedures outlined in section 3.3
- (2) Each member of the Executive committee is, subject to these rules, to hold office until the conclusion of the election procedure stated under section 3.3 of these rules, following the date of the member's election, but is eligible for re-election, as specified in the appropriate by-laws.
- (3) In the event that the Executive committee member will not be able to fulfil their duties for a short period of time, no greater than a month, the Executive committee may appoint a member of the society to fill the vacancy and the member so appointed is to hold office, subject to these rules, until the executive member is able to fulfil their duties.
- (4) In the event that an executive member is unable to fulfil their duties for an extended period of time, in accordance of section 3.6 of these rules, the Executive committee will hold a re-election, under the guidelines stated in section 3.3 clause (9) of these rules.

3.3 Election of Executive Committee

- (1) Nominations of candidates for election as office-bearers of the society or as members of the Executive committee:
 - (a) must be made in writing, signed by one member of the society and the current Executive committee member in the nominated position, accompanied by the written consent of the candidate (which may be endorsed on the form of the nomination)
 - (i) if signature of the current executive committee member cannot be obtained, email approval can be given
 - (b) must be delivered to the Secretary of the Society, by the specified means stated within the election rules, at least 7 days before the date fixed for the first polling day is to take place.
 - (c) Nominees must be members of the society

- (2) If the number of nominations received exceeds the number of vacancies to be filled, a ballot is to be held
- (3) If the number of nominations received is equal to the number of vacancies to be filled, the persons nominated are taken to be elected.
- (4) If insufficient further nominations are received, any vacant positions remaining on the Executive committee are taken to be casual vacancies.
 - (a) In this instance, casual vacancies will be voted on by the newly elected Executive committee
- (5) The ballot for the election of office-bearers and ordinary members of the Executive committee is to be conducted over a number of days. This time period will be decided on a vote by the Executive committee.
- (6) The ballot will be held in such usual and proper manner as the Executive committee may direct
- (7) A member is not entitled to nominate or vote in the election of the Executive committee unless all money due and payable by the member to the society has been paid, other than the amount of the annual subscription payable in respect of the then current year.
- (8) In the event of a tie, a re-election will be held for only the tied candidates.
- (9) In the event that an elected Executive committee member is unable to fulfil their duties as stated in section 3.6 of these rules, a re-election will be held within a one-month period.

3.4 Secretary

It is the duty of the secretary to keep and ensure placement on the official UWSMS website of the minutes of:

- (1) all appointments of office-bearers and members of the Executive committee,
- (2) the names of members of the Executive committee present at a Executive committee meeting or any general meeting, and
- (3) all proceedings at committee meetings and general meetings

3.5 Treasurer

It is the duty of the Treasurer of the Society to ensure:

- (1) that all money due to the society is collected and received and that all payments authorised by the society are made, and

- (2) that correct books and accounts are kept showing the financial affairs of the society, including full details of all receipts and expenditure connected with the activities of the society.
- (3) A true and updated budget is presented to the Society at the Annual general meeting.
- (4) Produce an End of financial year report that must be available to members and affiliated parties, following the end of financial year of the Society.

3.6 Extended vacancies

For the purposes of these rules, it is considered an extended vacancy, and the Executive committee position is open for re-election if the Executive committee member;

- (1) ceases to be a member of the society under Section 2.3 of these rules, or
- (2) becomes an insolvent under administration within the meaning of the *Corporations Act 2001* of the Commonwealth, or
- (3) resigns office by notice in writing, given to the Secretary, or
- (4) is removed from office under resolution of section 2.10 of these rules, or
- (5) becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or
- (6) is absent without the consent of the Executive committee from all meetings of the committee held during a period of one month.

3.7 Removal of an Executive committee member

- (1) The procedure to remove a member of the Executive committee may be initiated by a complaint in writing by an ordinary or Executive member made to the Executive committee.
- (2) At the meeting of the Executive Committee:
 - (a) The Executive Committee will review statements from the complainant and the Executive Committee member in question, and
 - (b) Will come to a majority decision regarding the complaint, or
 - (c) If they are unable to come to a decision or if they are unable to remain objective in the decision making process the issue will be referred to a community justice centre for mediation in accordance with the *Community Justice Centres Act 1983*.
- (3) Removal of any member of the Executive committee before the expiration of the member's term, will be cause for appointment of another person, through a re-election under Section 3.3 clause (9), to

hold office until the expiration of the term of office of the Executive committee member so removed.

- (4) If a member of the Executive committee to whom a proposed resolution referred to in clause (1) relates, makes submissions in writing (not exceeding a reasonable length) to the Secretary or President, and requests that the submissions be notified to the members of the Society, the Secretary or the President may send a copy of the submissions to each member of the Society or, if the submissions are not so sent, the member is entitled to require that the submissions be read out at the meeting at which the resolution is considered.
- (5) **The Executive Committee may come to the following resolutions:**
 - (a) Dismissal of the complaint, or
 - (b) Dismissal of Executive Committee member from office and application of an Extended vacancy as per section 3.6 of these Rules, or
 - (c) Referral of complaint to the community justice centre for mediation in accordance with the *Community Justice Centres Act 1983*.

3.8 Meetings and quorum

- (1) The Executive committee must meet at least 4 times in each period of 12 months at such place and time as may be **determined by the Executive committee**.
- (2) Oral or written notice of a meeting of the Executive committee must be given by the office-bearers of the Society to each member of the committee at least 24 hours (or such other period as may be unanimously agreed on by the members of the committee) before the time appointed for the holding of the meeting.
- (3) Notice of a meeting given under clause (2) must specify the general nature of the business to be transacted at the meeting and no business other than that business is to be transacted at the meeting, except business, which the Executive committee members present at the meeting unanimously agree to treat as urgent business.
- (4) 51% of the Executive committee constitutes a quorum for the transaction of the business of a meeting of the committee.
- (5) No business is to be transacted by the Executive committee unless a quorum is present and if, within half an hour of the time appointed for the meeting, a quorum is not present, the meeting is to stand adjourned to the following week.
- (6) If at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour of the time appointed for the meeting, the meeting is to be dissolved, unless it is decided to adjourn to the next meeting.

- (7) At a meeting of the Executive committee:
 - (a) the President or, in the President's absence, the Vice President is to preside, or
 - (b) if the President and the Vice President are absent or unwilling to act, such one of the remaining members of the Executive committee as may be chosen by the members present at the meeting is to preside.
 - (c) Executive committee members may be present at a meeting and participate in debate and discussion through the use of video conferencing and teleconferencing facilities.

3.9

Delegation by Executive committee to sub-committee

- (1) The Executive committee may, by instrument in writing, delegate to one or more sub-committees (consisting of such member or members of the society as the committee thinks fit) the exercise of such of the functions of the committee as are specified in the instrument, other than:
 - (a) this power of delegation, and
 - (b) a function which is a duty imposed on the Executive committee by the Act or by any other law.
- (2) A function the exercise of which has been delegated to a sub-Executive committee under this rule may, while the delegation remains unrevoked, be exercised from time to time by the sub-committee in accordance with the terms of the delegation.
- (3) A delegation under this section may be made subject to such conditions or limitations as to the exercise of any function, or as to time or circumstances, as may be specified in the instrument of delegation.
- (4) Any act or thing done or suffered by a sub-committee acting in the exercise of a delegation under this rule has the same force and effect as it would have if it had been done or suffered by the committee.
- (5) The Executive committee may, by instrument in writing, revoke wholly or in part any delegation under this rule.
- (6) A sub-committee may meet and adjourn, as it thinks proper. A delegate from the sub-committee must report on decisions and actions from its meetings at the following Executive committee meeting.

3.10 Voting and decisions

- (1) Questions arising at a meeting of the Executive committee or of any sub-committee appointed by the Executive committee are to be determined by a majority of the votes of members of the committee or sub-committee physically present or **present through the use of videoconferencing and teleconferencing facilities, at the meeting.**
- (2) Each member present at a meeting of the Executive committee or of any sub-committee appointed by the committee (including the person presiding at the meeting) is entitled to one vote but, in the event of an equality of votes on any question, a second vote will be cast and if an equality of votes remains, the person presiding may exercise a second or casting vote.
- (3) Any act or thing done or suffered, or purporting to have been done or suffered, by the Executive committee or by a sub-committee appointed by the committee, is valid and effectual despite any defect that may afterwards be discovered in the appointment or qualification of any member of the committee or sub-committee.
- (4) **Decision which require immediate attention or attention prior to the next scheduled meeting may be voted on through an email chain of the executive committee abiding by the following rules:**
 - (a) **The email must be circulated to current email addresses of all members of the Executive Committee, and**
 - (b) **The subject line of the email must contain the nature of the vote with the official motion to be proposed, and**
 - (c) **The motion must be seconded by a member of the Executive Committee, and**
 - (d) **Cases for and against the decision must be emailed within 24hrs of initial email, and**
 - (e) **Each executive member has one vote and must place this vote within 48hrs of receiving the initial email, and**
 - (f) **The motion may only be passed by a simple majority of the Executive committee, and**
 - (g) **A call must be placed to the Secretary so that they may document the outcome of the vote in the minutes of the next scheduled meeting.**

3.11 Standing Orders

- (1) **The Society shall have Standing Orders, which shall apply to all meetings.**
- (2) **The Executive committee will develop Standing Orders within one month of their election to office.**

- (3) Standing orders may be changed at a General meeting of the Society by a vote as per the rules of the Special Election under section 4.9 of these rules.
- (4) It is the duty of the Presiding member to ensure a copy of Standing Orders is circulated to all Executive committee members at the beginning of their term and following any change to Standing Orders.

Part 4 General meeting

4.1 Holding of Annual general meetings

- (1) The Society must, at least once in each calendar year and within the period of 6 months after the expiration of each financial year of the Society, convene an annual general meeting of its members.
- (2) Clause (1) has effect subject to any extension or permission granted by the Commissioner under section 26(3) of the Act.

4.2 Calling of and business at Annual general meetings

- (1) The Annual general meeting of the Society is, subject to the Act and to rule 23, to be convened on such date and at such place and time as the Executive committee thinks fit.
- (2) In addition to any other business which may be transacted at an Annual general meeting, the business of an Annual general meeting is to include the following:
 - (a) to confirm the minutes of the last preceding annual general meeting and of any Special general meeting held since that meeting,
 - (b) to receive from the Executive committee reports on the activities of the society during the last preceding financial year,
 - (c) to elect office-bearers of the society and ordinary members of the Executive committee, unless the executive committee deems it appropriate and necessary to conduct elections outside of the Annual general meeting,
 - (d) to receive and consider the statement which is required to be submitted to members under section 26(6) of the Act.
- (3) An Annual general meeting must be specified as such in the notice convening it.

4.3 Calling of Special general meetings

- (1) A Special general meeting will be called;
 - a) by the Executive committee, whenever it thinks fit, or

- b) **on the requisition in writing of at least 5 per cent of the total number of members of the Society.**
- (2) The quorum for Special general meetings will be 5 per cent of all members.
- (3) A requisition of members for a special general meeting:
 - (a) must state the purpose or purposes of the meeting, and
 - (b) must be signed by the members making the requisition, and
 - (c) must be lodged with the secretary, and
 - (d) may consist of several documents in a similar form, each signed by one or more of the members making the requisition.
- (4) If the Executive committee fails to convene a Special general meeting to be held within 1 month after that date on which a requisition of members for the meeting is lodged with the Secretary, any one or more of the members who made the requisition may convene a special general meeting to be held no later than 3 months after that date.
- (5) A special general meeting convened by a member or members as referred to in clause (4) must be convened as nearly as is practicable in the same manner as general meetings are convened by the Executive committee.

4.4 Notice

- (1) **Notice of 21 days must be given by the Executive committee to the members of the Society when calling a General meeting.**
- (2) **Point of discussion at the General meeting must be distributed to members 7 days prior to the General meeting.**
- (3) Except if the nature of the business proposed to be dealt with at a general meeting requires a special resolution of the Society, the secretary must, at least 7 days before the date fixed for the holding of the general meeting, give a notice to each member specifying the place, date and time of the meeting and the nature of the business proposed to be transacted at the meeting.
- (4) If the nature of the business proposed to be dealt with at a general meeting requires a special resolution of the society, the secretary must, at least 14 days before the date fixed for the holding of the general meeting, cause notice to be given to each member specifying, in addition to the matter required under clause (1), the intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution.
- (5) No business other than that specified in the notice convening a general meeting is to be transacted at the meeting except, in the case of an annual general meeting, business which may be transacted under rule

24(2). Business other than that specified in the notice convening a general meeting, may be transacted given that the Executive committee deems it urgent business.

- (6) A member desiring to bring any business before a general meeting may give notice in writing of that business to the secretary who must include that business in the next notice calling a general meeting given after receipt of the notice from the member.

4.5 Procedure

- (1) No item of business is to be transacted at a general meeting unless a quorum of members entitled under these rules to vote is present during the time the meeting is considering that item.
- (2) 5% present in person (being members entitled under these rules to vote at a general meeting) constitute a quorum for the transaction of the business of a general meeting.
- (3) If within 20 minutes after the appointed time for the commencement of a general meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting:
 - (a) if convened on the requisition of members, is to be dissolved,
and
 - (b) in any other case, is to stand adjourned to the same day in the following week at the same time and (unless another place is specified at the time of the adjournment by the person presiding at the meeting or communicated by written notice to members given before the day to which the meeting is adjourned) at the same place.

4.6 Presiding member

- (1) The President or, in the President's absence, the Vice President, is to preside as chairperson at each general meeting of the society.
- (2) If the President and the Vice President are absent or unwilling to act, the Secretary or Treasurer is to preside as chairperson at the general meeting.

4.7 Adjournment

- (1) The chairperson of a general meeting at which a quorum is present may, with the consent of the majority of members present at the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and place to place, but no business is to be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than the

business left unfinished at the meeting at which the adjournment took place.

- (2) If a general meeting is adjourned for 14 days or more, the secretary must give written or oral notice of the adjourned meeting to each member of the society stating the place, date and time of the meeting and the nature of the business to be transacted at the meeting.
- (3) Except as provided in clauses (1) and (2), notice of an adjournment of a general meeting or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting is not required to be given.

4.8 Making of decisions

- (1) A question arising at a general meeting of the society is to be determined on a show of hands and, unless before or on the declaration of the show of hands a poll is demanded, a declaration by the chairperson that a resolution has, on a show of hands, been carried or carried unanimously or carried by a particular majority or lost, or an entry to that effect in the minute book of the society, is evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against that resolution.
- (2) At a general meeting of the society, a poll may be demanded by 40% of those members present in person at the meeting.
- (3) If a poll is demanded at a general meeting, the poll must be taken;
 - (a) immediately in the case of a poll which relates to the election of the chairperson of the meeting or to the question of an adjournment, or
 - (b) in any other case, in such manner and at such time before the close of the meeting as the chairperson directs,and the resolution of the poll on the matter is taken to be the resolution of the meeting on that matter.

4.9 Special resolution

- (1) A Special resolution is required for changes made to the UWSMS Constitution.
- (2) A special resolution may only be passed at a General meeting of the Society.
- (3) A resolution of the Society is a special resolution:
if it is passed by a majority which comprises at least 66% of the members of the Society present at the General meeting.

4.10 Voting

- (1) On any question arising at a General meeting of the Society a member has one vote only.
- (2) All votes must be given personally, or through videoconferencing or teleconferencing facilities.
- (3) In the case of an equality of votes on a question at a general meeting, a second vote will be cast. In the result of an equality of votes for a second time, the chairperson of the meeting is entitled to exercise a second or casting vote.
- (4) A member is not entitled to vote at any general meeting of the society unless all money due and payable by the member to the society has been paid, other than the amount of the annual subscription payable in respect of the then current year.

4.11 Proxies

- (1) No business, including that of voting, is to be conducted by proxies.

Part 5 Miscellaneous

5.1 Insurance

The society may effect and maintain insurance.

5.2 Funds – source

- (1) The funds of the society are to be derived from donations and, subject to any resolution passed by the society in an Executive committee meeting, such other sources as the committee determines.
- (2) All money received by the society must be deposited as soon as practicable and without deduction to the credit of the society's bank account.
- (3) The society must after receiving any money, issue an appropriate receipt, as soon as practicable.
- (4) The Society will not accept funds pharmaceutical or tobacco companies

5.3 Funds – management

- (1) Subject to any resolution passed by the society in an Executive committee meeting, the funds of the society are to be used in pursuance

of the objects of the society in such manner as the committee determines.

- (2) All cheques, drafts, bills of exchange, promissory notes and other negotiable instruments must be signed any member of the Executive committee or employees of the society, being members or employees authorised to do so by the committee.

5.4 Alteration of objects and rules

- (1) The statement of objects and these rules may be altered, rescinded or added to only by a special resolution of the Executive Committee.
- (2) All members must be notified of the changes as soon as practicable
- (3) Should a member request that the statement of objects and these rules may be altered, rescinded or added to, this request must be submitted in writing to an office-bearer, for consideration by the Executive Committee.

5.5 Common seal

- (1) The common seal of the society must be kept in the custody by the Publications and Communications officer, or the Secretary.
- (2) The common seal must not be affixed to any instrument except by the authority of the Executive committee.

5.6 Custody of books

Except as otherwise provided by these rules, the treasurer, or secretary must keep in his or her custody or under his or her control all records, books and other documents relating to the society.

5.7 Inspection of books

- (1) The records, books and other documents of the society must be open to inspection, free of charge, by a member of the society at any reasonable hour.
- (2) Modified minutes will be available as soon as practicable, for viewing by members.
- (3) Modified minutes will also be available to affiliated parties on request to the Secretary as soon as practicable

5.8 Service of notices

- (1) For the purpose of these rules, a notice may be served on or given to a person:
 - (a) by delivering it to the person personally, or
 - (b) by sending it by post to the address of the person, or
 - (c) by sending it by facsimile transmission or some other form of electronic transmission to an address specified by the person for giving or serving the notice.
- (2) for the purpose of these rules, a notice is taken, unless the contrary is proved, to have been given or served:
 - (a) in the case of a notice given or served personally, on the date on which it is received by the addressee, and
 - (b) in the case of a notice sent by post, on the date when it would have been delivered in the ordinary course of post, and
 - (c) in the case of a notice sent by facsimile transmission or some other form of electronic transmission, on the date it was sent, or if the machine from which the transmission was sent produces a report indicating that the notice was sent on a later date, on that date.

5.9 Dissolution

- (1) Dissolution of the club will occur after the following conditions have been met
 - a) General Meeting is petitioned as is set out in section 4.2;
 - b) All student members will be emailed and given the reasons for the proposed dissolution are included with the notification to the UWS School of Medicine;
 - c) Quorum for the meeting to dissolve the Society shall be 10 per cent of ordinary members;
 - d) No other business may be conducted at the meeting to dissolve the Society;
 - e) After the petitioning body has stated its case any opposition must be given the opportunity to reply, with at least ten minutes set aside for this purpose;
- (2) Dissolution of the Society will also occur if the Society has been financially and administratively inactive for a period of eighteen (18) months
- (3) On dissolution of the Society, the Society is not to distribute assets to members. All assets are to be distributed to an organisation with similar goals or objectives that also prohibits the distribution of assets to members. This organisation may be nominated at the

dissolution meeting of the Society. If this procedure is not followed, the UWS School of Medicine will facilitate the dissolution and manage the allocation of funds